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# **I hate money**

***Release 1.0***

**Nov 01, 2021**



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«I hate money» is a web application made to ease shared budget management. It keeps track of who bought what, when, and for whom; and helps to settle the bills.

I hate money is written in python, using the [flask](#) framework. It's developped with ease of use in mind, and is trying to keep things simple. Hope you (will) like it!



## 1.1 Installation

We lack some knowledge about packaging to make Ihatemoney installable on mainstream Linux distributions. If you want to give us a hand on the topic, please check-out [the issue about debian packaging](#).

If you are using Yunohost (a server operating system aiming to make self-hosting accessible to anyone), you can use the [Ihatemoney package](#).

Otherwise, follow these instructions to install it manually:

### 1.1.1 Requirements

«Ihatemoney» depends on:

- **Python:** either 2.7, 3.4, 3.5, 3.6 will work.
- **A Backend:** to choose among MySQL, PostgreSQL, SQLite or Memory.
- **Virtualenv** (recommended): *virtualenv* package under Debian/Ubuntu.

We recommend to use [virtualenv](#) but it will work without if you prefer.

If wondering about the backend, SQLite is the simplest and will work fine for most small to medium setups.

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**Note:** If curious, source config templates can be found in the [project git repository](#).

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### 1.1.2 Prepare virtualenv (recommended)

Choose an installation path, here */home/john/ihatemoney*.

Create a virtualenv:

```
virtualenv -p /usr/bin/python3 /home/john/ihatemoney
```

Activate the virtualenv:

```
source /home/john/ihatemoney/bin/activate
```

---

**Note:** You will have to re-issue that `source` command if you open a new terminal.

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### 1.1.3 Install

Install the latest release with pip:

```
pip install ihatemoney
```

### 1.1.4 Test it

Once installed, you can start a test server:

```
ihatemoney runserver
```

And point your browser at <http://localhost:5000>.

### 1.1.5 Configure database with MySQL/MariaDB (optional)

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**Note:** Only required if you use MySQL/MariaDB.

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1. Install PyMySQL dependencies. On Debian or Ubuntu, that would be:

```
apt install python3-dev libssl-dev
```

2. Install PyMySQL (within your virtualenv):

```
pip install 'PyMySQL>=0.9,<0.10'
```

3. Create an empty database and a database user
4. Configure `SQLALCHEMY_DATABASE_URI` accordingly

### 1.1.6 Configure database with PostgreSQL (optional)

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**Note:** Only required if you use Postgresql.

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1. Install python driver for PostgreSQL (from within your virtualenv):

```
pip install psycopg2
```

2. Configure `SQLALCHEMY_DATABASE_URI` accordingly



### 1.1.7 Deploy it

Now, if you want to deploy it on your own server, you have many options. Three of them are documented at the moment.

*Of course, if you want to contribute another configuration, feel free to open a pull-request against this repository!*

#### Whatever your installation option is...

1. Initialize the ihatemoney directories:

```
mkdir /etc/ihatemoney /var/lib/ihatemoney
```

2. Generate settings:

```
ihatemoney generate-config ihatemoney.cfg > /etc/ihatemoney/ihatemoney.cfg
chmod 740 /etc/ihatemoney/ihatemoney.cfg
```

You probably want to adjust `/etc/ihatemoney/ihatemoney.cfg` contents, you may do it later, see [Configuration](#).

#### With Apache and mod\_wsgi

1. Fix permissions (considering `www-data` is the user running apache):

```
chgrp www-data /etc/ihatemoney/ihatemoney.cfg
chown www-data /var/lib/ihatemoney
```

2. Install Apache and mod\_wsgi : `libapache2-mod-wsgi (-py3)` for Debian based and `mod_wsgi` for RedHat based distributions
3. Create an Apache virtual host, the command `ihatemoney generate-config apache-vhost.conf` will output a good starting point (read and adapt it).
4. Activate the virtual host if needed and restart Apache

#### With Nginx, Gunicorn and Supervisord/systemd

Install Gunicorn:

```
pip install gunicorn
```

1. Create a dedicated unix user (here called *ihatemoney*), required dirs, and fix permissions:

```
useradd ihatemoney
chown ihatemoney /var/lib/ihatemoney/
chgrp ihatemoney /etc/ihatemoney/ihatemoney.cfg
```

2. Create gunicorn config file

```
ihatemoney generate-config gunicorn.conf.py > /etc/ihatemoney/gunicorn.conf.py
```

3. Setup Supervisord or systemd
  - To use Supervisord, create supervisor config file

```
ihatemoney generate-config supervisord.conf > /etc/supervisor/conf.d/  
↪ihatemoney.conf
```

- To use systemd services, create `ihatemoney.service` in<sup>2</sup>:

```
[Unit]  
Description=I hate money  
Requires=network.target postgresql.service  
After=network.target postgresql.service  
  
[Service]  
Type=simple  
User=ihatemoney  
ExecStart=/home/john/ihatemoney/bin/gunicorn -c /etc/ihatemoney/gunicorn.conf.  
↪py ihatemoney.wsgi:application  
SyslogIdentifier=ihatemoney  
  
[Install]  
WantedBy=multi-user.target
```

Obviously, adapt the `ExecStart` path for your installation folder.

If you use SQLite as database: remove mentions of `postgresql.service` in `ihatemoney.service`. If you use MySQL or MariaDB as database: replace mentions of `postgresql.service` by `mysql.service` or `mariadb.service` in `ihatemoney.service`.

Then reload systemd, enable and start `ihatemoney`:

```
systemctl daemon-reload  
systemctl enable ihatemoney.service  
systemctl start ihatemoney.service
```

4. Copy (and adapt) output of `ihatemoney generate-config nginx.conf` with your `nginx vhosts`<sup>1</sup>
5. Reload `nginx` (and `supervisord` if you use it). It should be working ;)

## With Docker

Build the image:

```
docker build -t ihatemoney --build-arg INSTALL_FROM_PYPI=True .
```

Start a daemonized `IhateMoney` container:

```
docker run -d -p 8000:8000 ihatemoney
```

`IhateMoney` is now available on <http://localhost:8000>.

All `IhateMoney` settings can be passed with `-e` parameters e.g. with a secure `SECRET_KEY`, an external mail server and an external database:

```
docker run -d -p 8000:8000 \  
-e SECRET_KEY="supersecure" \  
-e SQLALCHEMY_DATABASE_URI="mysql+pymysql://user:pass@172.17.0.5/ihm" \  
-e MAIL_SERVER=smtp.gmail.com \  

```

---

<sup>2</sup> `/etc/systemd/system/ihatemoney.service` path may change depending on your distribution.

<sup>1</sup> typically, `/etc/nginx/conf.d/` or `/etc/nginx/sites-available`, depending on your distribution.

```
-e MAIL_PORT=465 \
-e MAIL_USERNAME=your-email@gmail.com \
-e MAIL_PASSWORD=your-password \
-e MAIL_USE_SSL=True \
ihatemoney
```

A volume can also be specified to persist the default database file:

```
docker run -d -p 8000:8000 -v /host/path/to/database:/database ihatemoney
```

Additional gunicorn parameters can be passed using the docker CMD parameter. For example, use the following command to add more gunicorn workers:

```
docker run -d -p 8000:8000 ihatemoney -w 3
```

## 1.2 Configuration

“ihatemoney” relies on a configuration file. If you run the application for the first time, you will need to take a few moments to configure the application properly.

The default values given here are those for the development mode. To know defaults on your deployed instance, simply look at your `ihatemoney.cfg` file.

“Production values” are the recommended values for use in production.

### 1.2.1 SQLALCHEMY\_DATABASE\_URI

Specifies the type of backend to use and its location. More information on the format used can be found on [the SQLAlchemy documentation](#).

- **Default value:** `sqlite:///tmp/ihatemoney.db`
- **Production value:** Set it to some path on your disk. Typically `sqlite:///home/ihatemoney/ihatemoney.db`. Do *not* store it under `/tmp` as this folder is cleared at each boot.

If you’re using PostgreSQL, Your client must use utf8. Unfortunately, PostgreSQL default is to use ASCII. Either change your client settings, or specify the encoding by appending `?client_encoding=utf8` to the connection string.

### 1.2.2 SECRET\_KEY

The secret key used to encrypt the cookies.

- **Production value:** `ihatemoney conf-example ihatemoney.cfg` sets it to something random, which is good.

### 1.2.3 MAIL\_DEFAULT\_SENDER

A python tuple describing the name and email address to use when sending emails.

- **Default value:** `("Budget manager", "budget@notmyidea.org")`
- **Production value:** Any tuple you want.

### 1.2.4 *ACTIVATE\_DEMO\_PROJECT*

If set to *True*, a demo project will be available on the frontpage.

- **Default value:** `True`
- **Production value:** Usually, you will want to set it to `False` for a private instance.

### 1.2.5 *ADMIN\_PASSWORD*

Hashed password to access protected endpoints. If left empty, all administrative tasks are disabled.

- **Default value:** `" "` (empty string)
- **Production value:** To generate the proper password HASH, use `ihatemoney generate_password_hash` and copy the output into the value of *ADMIN\_PASSWORD*.

### 1.2.6 *ALLOW\_PUBLIC\_PROJECT\_CREATION*

If set to *True*, everyone can create a project without entering the admin password. If set to *False*, the password needs to be entered (and as such, defined in the settings).

- **Default value:** `: True`.

### 1.2.7 *ACTIVATE\_ADMIN\_DASHBOARD*

If set to *True*, the dashboard will become accessible entering the admin password, if set to *True*, a non empty *ADMIN\_PASSWORD* needs to be set.

- **Default value:** `False`

### 1.2.8 *APPLICATION\_ROOT*

If empty, *ihatemoney* will be served at domain root (e.g: `http://domain.tld`), if set to `"somestring"`, it will be served from a “folder” (e.g: `http://domain.tld/somestring`).

- **Default value:** `" "` (empty string)

### 1.2.9 Configuring emails sending

By default, *Ihate money* sends emails using a local SMTP server, but it's possible to configure it to act differently, thanks to the great [Flask-Mail project](#)

- **MAIL\_SERVER** : default `'localhost'`
- **MAIL\_PORT** : default `25`
- **MAIL\_USE\_TLS** : default `False`
- **MAIL\_USE\_SSL** : default `False`
- **MAIL\_DEBUG** : default `app.debug`
- **MAIL\_USERNAME** : default `None`
- **MAIL\_PASSWORD** : default `None`

- **DEFAULT\_MAIL\_SENDER** : default **None**

### 1.2.10 Using an alternate settings path

You can put your settings file where you want, and pass its path to the application using the `IHATEMONEY_SETTINGS_FILE_PATH` environment variable.

For instance

```
export IHATEMONEY_SETTINGS_FILE_PATH="/path/to/your/conf/file.cfg"
```

## 1.3 Upgrading

We keep a [ChangeLog](#). Read it before upgrading.

Ihate money follows [semantic versioning](#). So minor/patch upgrades can be done blindly.

### 1.3.1 General procedure

*(sufficient for minor/patch upgrades)*

1. From the virtualenv (if any):

```
pip install -U ihatemoney
```

2. Restart *supervisor*, or *Apache*, depending on your setup.

You may also want to set new configuration variables (if any). They are mentioned in the [ChangeLog](#), but this is **not required for minor/patch upgrades**, a safe default will be used automatically.

### 1.3.2 Version-specific instructions

*(must read for major upgrades)*

When upgrading from a major version to another, you **must** follow special instructions:

#### 2.x → 3.x

Sentry support has been removed. Sorry if you used it.

Appart from that, [General procedure](#) applies.

#### 1.x → 2.x

#### Switch from git installation to pip installation

The recommended installation method is now using *pip*. Git is now intended for development only.

**Warning:** Be extra careful to not remove your sqlite database nor your settings file, if they are stored inside the cloned folder.

1. Delete the cloned folder

---

**Note:** If you are using a virtualenv, then the following commands should be run inside it (see *Prepare virtualenv (recommended)*).

---

2. Install ihatemoney with pip:

```
pip install ihatemoney
```

3. Fix your configuration file (paths *have* changed), depending on the software you use in your setup:

- **gunicorn:** `ihatemoney generate-config gunicorn.conf.py` (nothing critical changed, keeping your old config might be fine)
- **supervisor:** `ihatemoney generate-config supervisord.conf` (mind the `command=` line)
- **apache:** `ihatemoney generate-config apache-vhost.conf` (mind the `WSGIDaemonProcess`, `WSGIScriptAlias` and `Alias` lines)

4. Restart *Apache* or *Supervisor*, depending on your setup.

### Upgrade ADMIN\_PASSWORD to its hashed form

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**Note:** Not required if you are not using the ADMIN\_PASSWORD feature.

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**ihatemoney generate\_password\_hash** will do the hashing job for you, just put its result in the ADMIN\_PASSWORD var from your *ihatemoney.cfg* and restart *apache* or the *supervisor* job.

## 1.4 The REST API

All of what's possible to do with the website is also possible via a web API. This document explains how the API is organized and how you can query it.

The only supported data format is JSON.

### 1.4.1 Overall organisation

You can access three different things: projects, members and bills. You can also get the balance for a project.

The examples here are using curl, feel free to use whatever you want to do the same thing, curl is not a requirement.

#### Authentication

To interact with bills and members, and to do something else than creating a project, you need to be authenticated. The only way to authenticate yourself currently is using the “basic” HTTP authentication.

For instance, here is how to see the what's in a project, using curl:

```
$ curl --basic -u demo:demo https://ihatemoney.org/api/projects/demo
```

## Projects

You can't list projects, for security reasons. But you can create, update and delete one directly from the API.

The URLs are `/api/projects` and `/api/projects/<identifier>`.

### Creating a project

A project needs the following arguments:

- `name`: The project name (string)
- `id`: the project identifier (string without special chars or spaces)
- `password`: the project password / secret code (string)
- `contact_email`: the contact email

```
$ curl -X POST https://ihatemoney.org/api/projects \
-d 'name=yay&id=yay&password=yay&contact_email=yay@notmyidea.org'
"yay"
```

As you can see, the API returns the identifier of the project

### Getting information about the project

Getting information about the project:

```
$ curl --basic -u demo:demo https://ihatemoney.org/api/projects/demo
{
  "name": "demonstration",
  "contact_email": "demo@notmyidea.org",
  "password": "demo",
  "id": "demo",
  "active_members": [{"activated": true, "weight": 1, "id": 31, "name": "Arnaud"},
                    {"activated": true, "weight": 1, "id": 32, "name": "Alexis"},
                    {"activated": true, "weight": 1, "id": 33, "name": "Olivier"},
                    {"activated": true, "weight": 1, "id": 34, "name": "Fred"}],
  "members": [{"activated": true, "weight": 1, "id": 31, "name": "Arnaud"},
              {"activated": true, "weight": 1, "id": 32, "name": "Alexis"},
              {"activated": true, "weight": 1, "id": 33, "name": "Olivier"},
              {"activated": true, "weight": 1, "id": 34, "name": "Fred"}],
  "balance": {
    "31": 6.0,
    "32": 6.0,
    "33": -6.0,
    "34": -6.0
  }
}
```

### Updating a project

Updating a project is done with the PUT verb:

```
$ curl --basic -u yay:yay -X PUT\  
https://ihatemoney.org/api/projects/yay -d\  
'name=yay&id=yay&password=yay&contact_email=youpi@notmyidea.org'
```

### Deleting a project

Just send a DELETE request on the project URI

```
$ curl --basic -u demo:demo -X DELETE https://ihatemoney.org/api/projects/demo
```

### Members

You can get all the members with a GET on `/api/projects/<id>/members`:

```
$ curl --basic -u demo:demo https://ihatemoney.org/api/projects/demo/members\  
[{"weight": 1, "activated": true, "id": 31, "name": "Arnaud"},  
 {"weight": 1, "activated": true, "id": 32, "name": "Alexis"},  
 {"weight": 1, "activated": true, "id": 33, "name": "Olivier"},  
 {"weight": 1, "activated": true, "id": 34, "name": "Fred"}]
```

Add a member with a POST request on `/api/projects/<id>/members`:

```
$ curl --basic -u demo:demo -X POST\  
https://ihatemoney.org/api/projects/demo/members -d 'name=tatayoyo'  
35
```

You can also PUT a new version of a member (changing its name):

```
$ curl --basic -u demo:demo -X PUT\  
https://ihatemoney.org/api/projects/demo/members/36\  
-d 'name=yeaaaaah'  
{ "activated": true, "id": 36, "name": "yeaaaaah", "weight": 1 }
```

Delete a member with a DELETE request on `/api/projects/<id>/members/<member-id>`:

```
$ curl --basic -u demo:demo -X DELETE\  
https://ihatemoney.org/api/projects/demo/members/35  
"OK"
```

### Bills

You can get the list of bills by doing a GET on `/api/projects/<id>/bills`

```
$ curl --basic -u demo:demo https://ihatemoney.org/api/projects/demo/bills
```

Add a bill with a POST query on `/api/projects/<id>/bills`. you need the following params:

- `date`: the date of the bill; defaults to current date if not provided. (format is `yyyy-mm-dd`)
- `what`: what have been payed
- `payer`: by who ? (id)
- `payed_for`: for who ? (id, to set multiple id use a list, e.g. `["id1", "id2"]`)



- amount: amount payed

Returns the id of the created bill

```
$ curl --basic -u demo:demo -X POST\  
https://ihatemoney.org/api/projects/demo/bills\  
-d "date=2011-09-10&what=raclette&payer=31&payed_for=31&amount=200"  
80
```

You can also PUT a new version of the bill at /api/projects/<id>/bills/<bill-id>:

```
$ curl --basic -u demo:demo -X PUT\  
https://ihatemoney.org/api/projects/demo/bills/80\  
-d "date=2011-09-10&what=raclette&payer=31&payed_for=31&amount=250"  
80
```

And you can of course DELETE them at /api/projects/<id>/bills/<bill-id>:

```
$ curl --basic -u demo:demo -X DELETE\  
https://ihatemoney.org/api/projects/demo/bills/80\  
"OK"
```

## Statistics

You can get some project stats with a GET on /api/projects/<id>/statistics:

```
$ curl --basic -u demo:demo https://ihatemoney.org/api/projects/demo/statistics  
[  
  {  
    "balance": 12.5,  
    "member": {"activated": True, "id": 1, "name": "alexis", "weight": 1.0},  
    "paid": 25.0,  
    "spent": 12.5  
  },  
  {  
    "balance": -12.5,  
    "member": {"activated": True, "id": 2, "name": "fred", "weight": 1.0},  
    "paid": 0,  
    "spent": 12.5  
  }  
]
```

## 1.5 Contributing

### 1.5.1 Setup a dev environment

You must develop on top of the git master branch:

```
git clone https://github.com/spiral-project/ihatemoney.git
```

Then you need to build your dev environments. Choose your way...

### The quick way

If System *Requirements* are fulfilled, you can just issue:

```
make serve
```

It will setup a [virtualenv](#), install dependencies, and run the test server.

### The hard way

Alternatively, you can use pip to install dependencies yourself. That would be:

```
pip install -e .
```

And then run the application:

```
cd ihatemoney
python run.py
```

### Accessing dev server

In any case, you can point your browser at <http://localhost:5000>. It's as simple as that!

### Updating

In case you want to update to newer versions (from git), you can just run the “update” command:

```
make update
```

### Create database migrations

In case you need to modify the database schema, first update the models in `ihatemoney/models.py`. Then run the following command to create a new database revision file:

```
make create-database-revision
```

If your changes are simple enough, the generated script will be populated with the necessary migrations steps. You can edit the generated script. eg: to add data migrations.

For complex migrations, it is recommended to start from an empty revision file which can be created with the following command:

```
make create-empty-database-revision
```

### Useful settings

It is better to actually turn the debugging mode on when you're developing. You can create a `settings.cfg` file, with the following content:

```
DEBUG = True
SQLALCHEMY_ECHO = DEBUG
```

You can also set the *TESTING* flag to *True* so no mails are sent (and no exception is raised) while you're on development mode. Then before running the application, declare its path with

```
export IHATEMONEY_SETTINGS_FILE_PATH="$(pwd)/settings.cfg"
```

## 1.5.2 How to contribute

You would like to contribute? First, thanks a bunch! This project is a small project with just a few people behind it, so any help is appreciated!

There are different ways to help us, regarding if you are a designer, a developer or an user.

### As a developer

If you want to contribute code, you can write it and then issue a pull request on github. Please, think about updating and running the tests before asking for a pull request as it will help us to maintain the code clean and running.

To do so:

```
$ make test
```

### As a designer / Front-end developer

Feel free to provide us mockups or to involve yourself into the discussions hapenning on the github issue tracker. All ideas are welcome. Of course, if you know how to implement them, feel free to fork and make a pull request.

### As a translator

Collect all new strings to translate:

```
make update-translations
```

Add missing translations to *.po* files inside *translations/* dir using your favorite text editor.

Compile them into *.mo* files:

```
make build-translations
```

Commit both *.mo* and *.po*.

### End-user

You are using the application and found a bug? You have some ideas about how to improve the project? Please tell us [by filling a new issue](#). Or, if you prefer, you can send me an email to [alexis@notmyidea.org](mailto:alexis@notmyidea.org) and I will update the issue tracker with your feedback.

Thanks again!

### 1.5.3 How to build the documentation ?

The documentation is using `sphinx` and its source is located inside the `docs` folder.

Install doc dependencies (within the virtualenv, if any):

```
pip install -r docs/requirements.txt
```

And to produce html doc in `docs/_output` folder:

```
cd docs/  
make html
```

### 1.5.4 How to release?

In order to prepare a new release, we are following the following steps:

- Merge remaining pull requests;
- Update `CHANGELOG.rst` with the last changes;
- Update `CONTRIBUTORS`;
- Update known good versions of dependencies in `setup.py`;
- If needed, recompress assets. It requires `zopfli`:

```
make compress-assets
```

- Build the translations:

```
make update-translations  
make build-translations
```

Once this is done, use the “release” instruction:

```
make release
```

And the new version should be published on PyPI.

---

**Note:** The above command will prompt for version number, handle `CHANGELOG.rst` and `setup.py` updates, package creation, pypi upload. It will prompt you before each step to get your consent.

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## CHAPTER 2

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### Indices and tables

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